Thirteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, 1865

Thirty-Eighth Congress of the United States.

A Resolution; Submitting to the Legislatures of the several States a proposition to amend the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, (two-thirds of both Houses concurring,) That the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as a part of the said Constitution, namely;

ARTICLE XIII.

Section 1, Neither Slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime; whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section 2, Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Attest: SCHUYLER COLFAX Speaker of the House of Representatives

J. W. FORNEY

Secretary of the Senate EDWD McPherson

H. HAMLIN Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Representatives

Approved, February 1. 1865. ABRAHAM LINCOLN

In the Senate, April 8, 1864.

[58 Senators' Signatures in five columns]

In the House of Representatives, January 31, 1865 [120 Representatives' Signatures in five columns]

Citation: Congress, Wednesday, February 01, 1865 (Joint Resolution Submitting 13th Amendment to the States; signed by Abraham Lincoln and Congress). *Abraham Lincoln Papers at the Library of Congress*, Manuscript Division (Washington, D.C.: American Memory Project, [2000-02])

