At a County Court for Mecklenburg County, held at the Courthouse thereof, on Tuesday the 21st day of May. One thousand eight hundred and Sixty one. Present. James & Walker, Samuel & Johnson, Anderson Overby, A & Broyd Sent Sustices and William It Harris Sam, a slave. The property of John A Hinckler of Mecklenburg County, who stands charged with a felony by him Commetted in the County of Muchlanburg and within the jurisdiction of the court, in thes, that he ded on the day of the raid County, plot and conspire to rebel and make insurrection, was the day set to the bar of the Court in custody of the Sheriff of this loventy, and & A Chambers being apigned by the Court his Counsel and doth fix his fee at Fufteen Dollars; and the said slave Sam being thereifon arraigned, pleaded not quelly; and the Court having heard the evidence are unanimously of opinion that the raid Slave Sam is quelly of the offence wherewith he stands change, and dolt order that the raid slaw Sam be transported and rold beyond the lemets of the United States, and that the Shiriff of This County so roon after the adjournment of this Court remove and rafely convey the raid slaw Sam from the Sail of this County to the city of Richmond to be delivered to the executive of the state. And the raid slave Sam is remanded to Sail. And the court proceeding to value the raid slave Sam as the law directs, each of the Justices present in Court affined to hem such value as in his openion the raid slave would bring if rold publicly under a knowledge of the cercumstances of his quilt, wherefor James I Walker valued the raid slave at \$ 500: - Samuel & Johnson at \$600: - Anderson Overbey at \$500. - A & Proyd at \$500. - and William It Harrel at floo. from which the legal value of the raid slave Sam is ascertained to be Fire Gundred and forty Dollars. The following is a copy of the certificate of the committing Justice, by virtue of which the trial was had, viz:

Mecklenburg County to wet. To the Clerk of the County Court of naid learning. I, O A I Corprew a Justice of the rand bounty, do hereby certify that I have the day committed to the Sail of your County, a negro slave Sam the property of John It Winckler to be tried before the County Court of rued County for a felony by him commelled, in This, that he ded on the day of 1861 in the said bounty plot and conspire to rebel and make insurection. Given under my hand this 9th day of may 1861. O. A. S. Corprew J. J. The following are copies of the depositions of the wetnesses examened, taken down in bourt and filed, viz: Notest A Adams being sever testifier that on a Sunday in April 1861 at the residence of Sally Adams in this County, he heard the presoner Sam, speak as follows - Sam said that I suppose we will all be free pretty room, I replied that I did not know, Oh yes. he said, from what I can find out, old Dencoln is coming down the mipepeppe rever and well free every thing as he goes, and I think if we be prelly keen we will get our freedom too, that he heard that four or five hundred negroes in South Carolina had volunteered their services to go to fight for the South, and he raid if he had her way with them he would cut all their heads off, and he rued that if her marker evere to tell hem that he had to go to fight for the South that he would not go, and that if he had to fight it would be a different way to that, that most of the white folks thought he was a fool, but that he had as much sense as most of the white folks and had as good leaders. mis Adams told him that he had better hush talking and he replied that if they prosecuted him, they could not prosecute all that were left behind, that he knew there were no negries in his district that would join the South - that if he could get his urfe and children free at Jom Jones' he would be ratisfied, he also said that if he could see every southern man's head cut off, he

would not put his hand near to save their liver, he also asked me if I would fight against the north and I asked him what was that to him and he multered out some words as he walked off. which words I did not understand, en all of this conventation the presoner spoke as if he was in earnest, he did not appear to be at all under the influence of ardent Spirits. William DeAdams being severn testifies that on a Sunday in April 1861 at the residence of Sally Adams he heard The presoner Sam speak as follows. I asked him if his master (mi Winchler) would make any tobacco this year, and he raid yes. even if he could get only a cent a pound for it, and he added, but thank God we will all be free after a while, for old Sencoln is going to free us all and he hoped he would make haste and do it, for he meant to get his freedom as quick as he could. mis Adams told him that he had better huch talking such talk as That, and he replied that what he raid then he could vay again and that what was in his head was in it, he also raid other Things which I do not now remember, there was no person pourent at this conversation except the presoner, Sally Adams and myself. The feresoner espoke as if he were in earnest and I do not think from his appearance and conversation that he had taken a drink of ardent Spirits that morning. John Adams being seven testifies that in February 1861 he heard the presoner Sam speak as follows, he said that he wished they would make haste and get through the war, that he might have her freedom, that there was some likelehood that he would get his freedom. A transcript of the record Fiste At Clack. Coluk.

Transcription of trial record in the case of the *Commonwealth* v. *Sam* (a slave), Mecklenburg County, May 21, 1861, Executive Papers of Governor John Letcher, Pardons, May 1861, Acc. 36787, State Government Records Collection, Record Group 3, Library of Virginia

